

# ECL332 - Communication Lab

Department of Electronics and Communication  
College of Engineering Trivandrum

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## 1 Instructions

1. The programs should be written in Python language only. You can use any of the available python tools for coding.
2. Each section of this document (after the instruction section) shall be written in a separate file.
3. There should be a file header for each program. The file header is a comment section at the start of the file before you write the program. The file header consists of **Description of the program**, **Author** and **Date of program**.
4. The program should be properly commented and meaningful names shall be given to variables and functions.
5. All the programs should be made as modular as possible by implementing necessary functions. There should be function header for each function. Function header is similar to file header except that there will not be Author and Date instead there will be **Description of the function** and **Explanation of the parameters**.
6. The student should print the *Student Name*, *Student Roll No* and *Student Department* at the start of the program.

## 2 BPSK Modulation and Demodulation

The aim of the experiment is to reconstruct a transmitted image, modulated by BPSK scheme, at the receiver. The maximum likelihood decoder will be used at the receiver to recover the symbols. To model a channel for transmission AWGN noise will be added to transmitted signal before processing at the receiver. The bit error rate (BER) vs SNR(in dB) curve will be plotted for different values of SNR and will be compared with the theoretical value. Note that we are using the baseband transmission for simulation.

Following are the steps to be followed for the simulation experiment.

1. Read the image [cameraman.png](#). You can get the image by clicking [here](#). The image is of size  $256 \times 256$ . Use suitable python package for reading the image (imageio, opencv etc).
2. Convert the pixel values to bits and map to BPSK symbols. Make sure to use same number of bits for all the values. Plot the constellation diagram of the BPSK symbols.
3. Set an SNR value for the transmission and generate a complex Gaussian noise with enough number of samples for the required SNR.
4. The received signal which is the combination of BPSK symbol and the noise samples shall be passed through an ML decoder to do the demapping. The constellation diagram of the received signal shall be plotted.

5. Convert the demapped symbols to bits and then to pixel values. Also find the BER.
6. Reconstruct the image.
7. Iterate the above steps for SNR (in dB) values from -10 to 10 with increments of 1 and plot the BER. Also plot the theoretical BER value for BPSK Modulation. Compare them.